

RADIOACTIVITY ASPECTS OF THE PROPOSED NIOCAN PROJECT

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The Niocan Project - 1

- ◆ Located at Oka Quebec, close to the former St. Lawrence Columbium Site (SLC)
- ◆ Niobium ore mined underground
- ◆ Processed on surface to produce niobium concentrate ... then ferroniobium

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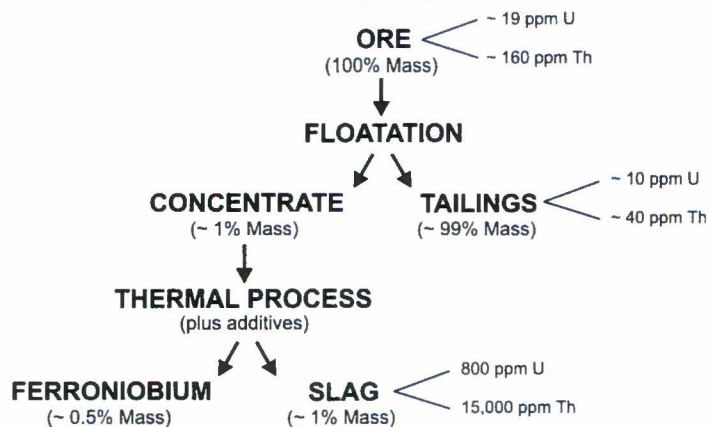
The Niocan Project - 2

- ◆ Tailings (residues) from ore concentration are placed in existing pits at SLC and underground
- ◆ Slag (scorie) from Niocan is placed underground and encased in cemented backfill
- ◆ Slag from SLC will be moved to Niocan and placed underground

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The Niocan Project - 3

The Ore is Slightly Radioactive



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Radioactivity Issues at Niocan

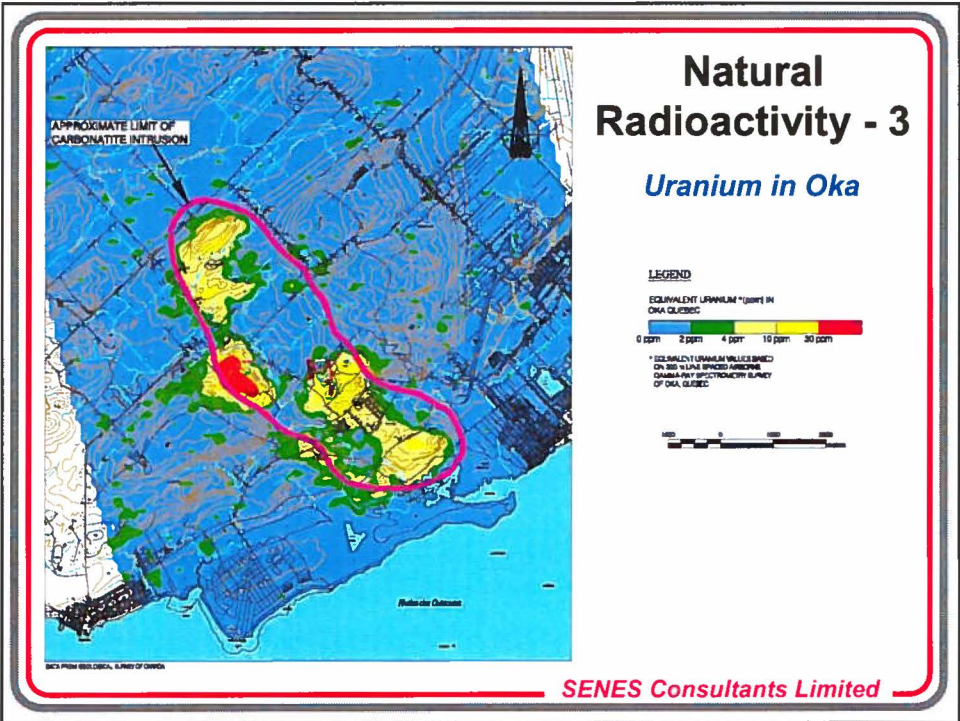
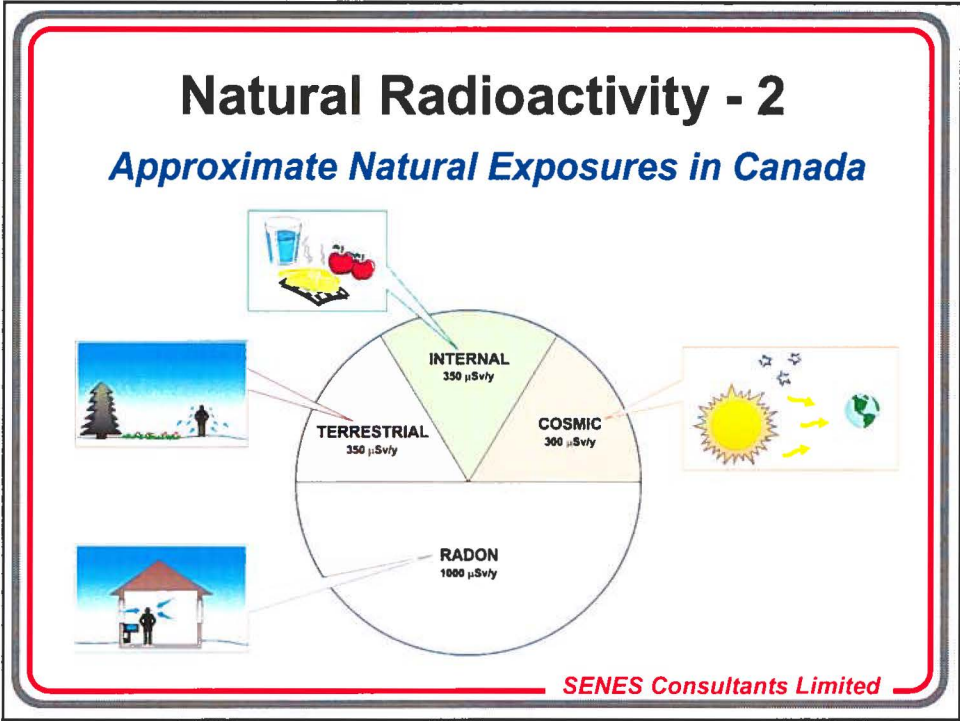
- ◆ **Natural radioactivity**
- ◆ **Radon in Air**
- ◆ **Dust in air**
- ◆ **Radioactivity in water**
- ◆ **Agriculture**

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Natural Radioactivity -1

- ◆ **Everything is radioactive**
- ◆ **Humans are exposed to natural radioactivity via:**
 - ◆ **Inhalation**
 - ◆ **Terrestrial radiation from rocks and soils**
 - ◆ **Internal from ingestion and inhalation**
 - ◆ **Cosmic radiation**

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Radon in Air - 1

- ◆ Niocan
 - ❖ Mining
 - ❖ Surface processing
 - ❖ Flooding
- ◆ Natural background

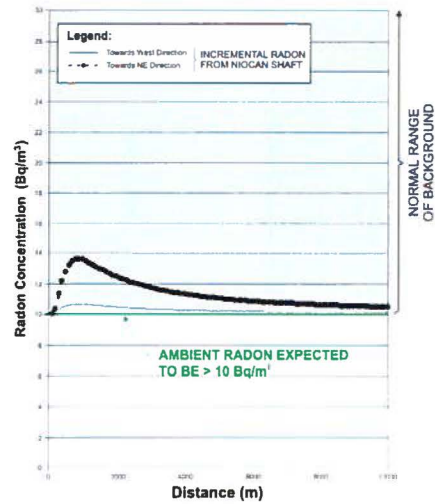
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Radon in Air - 2

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">◆ Mining<ul style="list-style-type: none">❖ Breaking ore❖ Minewater❖ Exposed surfaces❖ Total: $\sim 10^5$ Bq/s◆ Surface processing<ul style="list-style-type: none">❖ $\sim 10^3$ Bq/s | <ul style="list-style-type: none">◆ Waste disposal<ul style="list-style-type: none">❖ Slag: nil❖ Tailings: within background◆ Carbonatite (background)<ul style="list-style-type: none">❖ $\sim 8 \times 10^5$ Bq/s |
|--|--|

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Maximum Radon Concentrations for Emission of 100,000 Bq/s From Niocan Shaft



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Airborne Dust - 1

- ◆ Mine ventilation
 - ◆ ~ 0.03 kg uranium/year
 - ◆ ~ 0.2 kg thorium/year
- ◆ Surface processing
 - ◆ ~ 0.58 kg uranium/year
 - ◆ ~ 12.1 kg thorium/year

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Airborne Dust - 2

- ◆ **Agricultural (200 ha of tilled fields over carbonatite)**
 - ◆ ~ 1- 4 kg uranium/year
 - ◆ ~ 5 - 19 kg thorium/year
- ◆ **Relocating SLC slag to Niocan**
 - ◆ ~ 0.02 kg uranium/year (3 year period)
 - ◆ ~ 0.44 kg thorium/year (3 year period)

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Water Quality - 1

- ◆ **Quebec drinking water limit is 20 µg U/L**
- ◆ **Domestic wells (Régie Regionale, 1999)**
 - ◆ Most show low uranium
 - ◆ For Zone 2 (27 wells over Oka formation), average uranium is 17 µg/L, with 1 in 4 above 20 µg/L
 - ◆ For Zone 3 (25 wells away from carbonatite), average uranium is 11 µg/L

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Water Quality – 2

- ◆ Slurry of crushed ore and water
 - ❖ 8 µg U/L
- ◆ Potential seepage from mine well within natural levels and below 20 µg/L

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Agricultural - 1

- ◆ Oka soils (Geological Survey of Canada)
 - ❖ Average uranium over carbonatite 5.3 ppm (65,000 mBq/kg)
 - ❖ Average thorium over carbonatite 23.8 ppm (97,000 mBq/kg)
- ◆ North American soil range (nominal)
 - ❖ 4,000 - 140,000 mBq/kg uranium
 - ❖ 4,000 -130,000 mBq/kg thorium

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Agricultural - 2

- ◆ **On average, radioactivity in Oka soils in range of soils elsewhere**
- ◆ **Incremental soil uranium and thorium due to 17 years of deposition (at maximum location) from Niocan << average over carbonatite**
- ◆ **Incremental soil concentration from Niocan small compared to natural radioactivity**

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Conclusion

- ◆ **Incremental radioactivity from the mining and processing of niobium ores at Niocan is small and indistinguishable from natural background levels**

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